

The Philippines in Figures

2005

Republic of the Philippines NATIONAL STATISTICS OFFICE



Republic of the Philippines

HER EXCELLENCY
PRESIDENT GLORIA MACAPAGAL-ARROYO



NATIONAL STATISTICS OFFICE

CARMELITA N. ERICTA Administrator

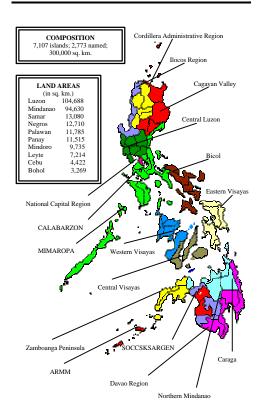
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MAP OF THE PHILIPPINES



ABBREVIATIONS USED

APEC	- Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation
ARMM	- Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao
ASEAN	- Association of Southeast Asian Nations
В	- Billion
BFAR	- Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources
BFP	- Bureau of Fire Protection
BID	- Bureau of Immigration and Deportation
BOC	- Bureau of Customs
BP	- Billion Pesos
BSP	- Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas
BTr	- Bureau of the Treasury
CALABARZON	- Cavite, Laguna, Batangas, Rizal and Quezon
CAR	- Cordillera Administrative Region
CARP	- Comprehensive Agrarian Reform Program
CHED	- Commission on Higher Education
DBM	- Department of Budget and Management
DepEd	- Department of Education
DENR	- Department of Environment and Natural Resources
DILG	- Department of the Interior and Local Government
DMT	- Dry metric tons
DND	- Department of National Defense
DOE	- Department of Energy
DOH	- Department of Health
DOT	- Department of Tourism
DSWD	- Department of Social Welfare and Development
EU	- European Union
FMB	- Forest Management Bureau
FOB	- Free-on-Board
GDP	- Gross Domestic Product
GK	- Gross Kilogram
GSIS	- Government Service Insurance System
GWH	- Gigawatt-hours
На	- hectares
Kg	- kilograms
km	- kilometers
LGUs	- Local Government Units
LTO	- Land Transportation Office
М	- Million

V

ABBREVIATIONS USED

m ³	- cubic meters
MERALCO	- Manila Electric Company
MGB	- Mines and Geosciences Bureau
MIAA	- Manila International Airport Authority
MIMAROPA	- Occidental Mindoro, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque,
	Romblon and Palawan
MP	- Million Pesos
MT	- Metric tons
n.a.	- not available
NCAA	- National Collegiate Athletic Association
NCR	- National Capital Region
NEA	- National Electrification Administration
NG	- non-government
NIA	- National Irrigation Administration
NSCB	- National Statistical Coordination Board
NSO	- National Statistics Office
NTC	- National Telecommunications Commission
р	- preliminary
PAGASA	- Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical
	and Astronomical Services Administration
PCIC	- Philippine Crop Insurance Corporation
PDIC	- Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation
PIA	- Philippine Information Agency
PNP	- Philippine National Police
POEA	- Philippine Overseas Employment Administration
PPA	- Philippine Ports Authority
r	- revised
SDR	- Special Drawing Rights
SEC	- Securities and Exchange Commission
SOCCSKSARGEN	- South Cotabato, North Cotabato, Cotabato City,
	Sultan Kudarat, Kidapawan City, Koronadal City,
	Tacurong City, Sarangani and General Santos City
sq. m.	- square meters
SSS	- Social Security System
SY	- School Year (June-April)
Th	- Thousand
USSR	- Union of Soviet Socialist Republic

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PHYSIOGRAPHY

T he Philippines sits between 4°23'N and 21°25'N latitude, and between 116°E and 127°E longitude. Bordered by water, the country has the Bashi Channel up north, Sulu and Celebes Seas down south, the

Pacific Ocean to its east, and South China Sea to its west. The country lies at the heart of Asia, where it is within a few hours' distance by air travel to Brunei, China, Japan, Malaysia, and Vietnam.

Combined, the Philippines' 7,107 islands span a total area of 300,000 square kilometers. Of these islands, only 3,144 have been named. The three major island groups are Luzon, Visayas, and Mindanao.

There are 17 regions that artificially subdivide the country. Aside from Regions 1-13, that includes CALABARZON and MIMAROPA, are Metro Manila or the National Capital Region (NCR), which has 14 cities and four urban municipalities, Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR) and Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM). As of December 2004, there are 79 provinces, 117 cities, 1,500 municipalities, and 41,975 barangays.

From June to November, rains shower all across the Philippines. The dry season, meanwhile, spans from December to May each year. These seasons brought temperatures from a cool of 18.7°C in January to peak heat of 36.0°C in March.

Sources: DILG and PAGASA.

HIS TORICAL BACKGROUND

A rchaeological findings suggest indigenous Filipinos, not Asian migrants, were the country's first settlers. Through time, foreign races streamed into the country and left traces in the Filipino's genetics.

Ferdinand Magellan's rediscovery of the islands on March 16, 1521, signaled more than 300 years of Spanish colonial rule. Mass unrest led to revolution that weakened the Spanish government.

Americans defeated the Spanish forces in May 1898. By yearend, the Philippines was ceded to the United States through the Treaty of Paris. Meanwhile, on June 12, 1898, General Emilio Aguinaldo declared independence and assumed leadership in the first Philippine Constitutional Republic proclaimed on January 23, 1899.

Just as Filipinos were enjoying the fruits of a newly inaugurated Republic, Philippine-American relations developed. American sovereignty was later recognized in the islands when Filipino forces were subdued in the Filipino-American War of 1899 to 1902.

While the Americans were training Filipinos in selfgovernance, World War II broke out. Japanese troops invaded the Philippines on January 2, 1942, occupying the nation until October 20, 1944. Five presidents that ruled the nation in the two decades following the war carried out the task of rebuilding the Republic.

In 1972, with the clash of peace and order, then President Ferdinand E. Marcos declared martial law. Until on February 25, 1986, the People Power Revolution toppled his government and seated Corazon C. Aquino, widow of Marcos' strongest opposition, in the presidency. President Fidel V. Ramos succeeded her in 1992. In 1998 elections, Joseph E. Estrada, strongly supported by the masses, became the 13th President of the Republic. However, barely two years in service, Estrada was forced to step down from office by yet another people power revolution on January 20, 2001. Immediately, the then Vice President Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo took oath as the 14th President and still seats on leadership after a peaceful election in 2004 with her 10-point development agenda.

CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT

he Philippine government is guided by the 1987 Constitution which provides for a presidential form of government. Laws limit a Philippine president's term to six years only, without any provision for extension. The President heads the executive branch of government and has the Vice-President and a 24-member Cabinet aiding him in leadership.

Aside from the executive branch, the legislative and the judicial branches also carry on government affairs. The legislative branch is made up of the Congress of the Philippines, a bicameral body with the 24 senators and over two hundred district representatives duly elected by the people.

During the latest polls for representatives, party-list representatives were voted and introduced in Philippine political arena. The party-lists are organized lobby groups representing marginalized sectors of society that vie for seats in Congress. Winning parties had qualified persons of their choice to represent that sector in Congress. So far, 14 of 220 congressmen are party-list representatives.

The Judicial branch on the other hand consists of the Supreme Court, the Appellate, the lower courts and the special courts established by law.

In sharing and mobilizing the resources for countrywide development, the government is distinctly divided into national and local sectors. Local government officials are elected by the people and serve their constituents for three years. As provided for in the Local Government Code of 1991, autonomy resides in the province, city and municipality.

Source: 1987 Constitution and DILG.

AGRICULTURE

Farms	<u>1980</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>2002</u>
Number (M)	3.42	4.61	4.50
Area (M Ha)	9.73	9.98	9.19
Average farm area (Ha)	2.84	2.16	2.04
Production (<i>Th MT</i>)	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003^p</u>
Total	77,090.2	78,534.8	82,569.5
Major crops	67,021.3	67,996.8	71,610.0
Other crops	3,693.9	3,793.6	3,888.0
Livestocks	2,056.2	2,147.0	2,209.7
Poultry	1,152.3	1,227.9	1,242.6
Fishery	3,166.5	3,369.5	3,619.2
Value (MP)	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003
Total	607,635.1	654,865.0	697,020.5
Major crops	279,072.3	314,140.3	330,155.7
Other crops	23,961.3	28,036.2	32,837.4
Livestocks	106,274.7	110,613.0	117,687.2
Poultry	91,382.1	88,817.3	96,473.9
Fishery	106,944.7	113,258.2	119,866.3
Status of irrigation	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
Total irrigable area Service area	3,126,340	3,126,340	3,126,340
Total	1,373,825	1,387,236	1,396,082
National	689,010		
Communal	510,615		532,150
Private	174,200	174,200	174,200
Irrigation development (%)	44.0	44.4	44.7

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Sources: NSO, Census of Agriculture, and NIA.

BANKING	
AND INSURANCE	

Number of financial institutions	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
Banks	7,585	7,454	7,494
Nonbanks	9,847	10,490	11,150
Resources of financial			
system (BP)	2001	2002 ^r	2003
Total	4,099	4,313	4,344
Commercial banks	3,070	3,250	3,257
Thrift banks	259	274	263
Savings and mortgage			
banks	173	188	193
Private development			
banks	67	67	56
Stocks savings and loan			
associations	18	19	14
Rural banks	74	81	86
Nonbank financial			
institutions	696	708	738
BSP international			
reserves (M US\$)	2002 ^r	2003	<u>2004</u>
Total		16,059.63	16,028.63
Reserve positions in the			
fund	118.22	124.90	135.33
Gold	3,035.85	3,250.35	3,112.07
Special drawing rights	10.21	1.93	1.00
Foreign investments	12,570.24	12,277.05	12,612.49
Foreign exchange	445.14	405.40	-
Money supply (BP) By origin	<u>2002</u> 470.1	<u>2003</u> 510.3	<u>2004</u> ^p 511.7

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* as of September 2003.

6	BANI AND INSURA		
Average exchange	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>
rates			
United States (Dollar)	51.60	55.93	54.91
Japan (Yen)	0.41	0.53	0.53
United Kingdom (Pound			
sterling)	77.59	101.78	103.38
Hong Kong (Dollar)	6.62	7.19	7.04
Switzerland (Franc)	33.27	44.34	45.70
Singapore (Dollar)	28.84	33.01	33.54
Australia (Dollar)	28.05	42.29	42.28
Malaysia (Ringgit)	13.41	14.72	14.45
Saudi Arabia (Rial)	13.76	14.91	14.64
Indonesia (Rupiah)	0.01	0.01	0.01
Thailand (Baht)	1.20	1.43	1.43
Taiwan (NT dollar)	1.50	1.68	1.73
South Korea (Won)	0.04	0.05	0.05
United Arab			
Emirates (Dirham)	14.05	15.23	14.95
Canada (Dollar)	32.88	41.84	44.25
European Union (Euro)	48.81	69.52	71.26

Note : Details may not add up to totals due to rounding. *Source:* BSP.

BANKING AND INSURANCE

Government insurance corporations

Government Service				
Insurance System	<u>2001^r</u>	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u>	
Assets (MP)	217.495.0	258,381.0	299.628.0	
Investments (MP)	157,435.0	189,635.0	219,054.0	
Reserves (MP)		218,063.0		
Social Security System	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u>	
Assets (MP)	163,113.6	162,606.4	170,848.8	
Investments (MP)	151,015.0	149,210.9	155,913.2	
Reserves (MP)	161,234.3	159,547.7	168,110.8	
Philippine Crop Insurance				
Corporation	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	
Assets (MP)	562.3	630.4	780.2	
Investments (MP)	284.4	412.6	449.2	
Reserves (MP)	34.3	42.4	40.5	
Philippine Deposit Insurance				
Corporation	<u>2001^r</u>	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u>	
Assets (MP)	63,114.7	97.910.9	125,780.4	
Investments (MP)	24,859.0	26,766.3		
Total deposit insurance	2.,557.0	20,700.0		
fund (MP)	31,496.6	36,708.7	38,721.5	

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Sources: GSIS, SSS, PCIC and PDIC.

8	BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY		
Number of establishments	1998 ^a	2002 ^b	2003 ^b
Agriculture and forestry	1,257	3,120	2,920
Fishery	502	1,145	1,130
Mining and quarrying	180	327	300
Manufacturing	15,674	122,977	121,476
Electricity, gas, and water	603	1,216	1,027
Construction	1,475	2,649	2,567
Wholesale and retail trade	17,903	434,475	365,161
Hotels and restaurants	7,092	88,608	87,770
Transportation, storage,			
and communication	3,011	14,263	9,328
Financial intermediation	5,744	24,060	16,439
Real estate, renting and other			
business activities	4,165	38,862	35,270
Education	3,929	9,282	8,911
Health and social work	1,181	28,183	27,660
Other community, social			
and personal services	2,065	40,293	39,461
Gross value added	<u>2002</u>	2003	<u>2004</u>
in manufacturing (BP)			
(At current prices)	915.2	1,004.0	1,116.2
(At constant 1985 prices)	252.6	263.3	276.2
Large manufacturing			
establishments	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>
Number (Th)	13.5	14.7	15.7
Employment (Th)	1,063.0	1,109.7	1,163.4
Value of output (BP)	1,206.1	1,353.8	1,640.6
Gross additions to fixed			
assets (BP)	71.1	89.2	86.4

^a based on Annual Survey of Establishments ^b based on Listing of Establishments

BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY

Top three manufacturing				
industries	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	
Food manufacturing				
Number	3,366	3,718	3,923	
Employment (Th)	186.9	190.6	208.2	
Value of output (BP)	241.8	263.6	354.6	
Petroleum refineries				
Number	5	5	5	
Employment (Th)	2.2	2.1	1.9	
Value of output (BP)	145.8	161.8	168.3	
Other chemical products				
Number	366	393	397	
Employment (Th)	39.7	39.5	40.0	
Value of output (BP)	91.3	97.3	116.8	
Indices of key manufacturi	ng			
establishments (1994=100)	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>	
Value of production	188.8	204.1	212.4	
Capital increases and withdrawals of corporations				
and partnerships (MP)	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	2001 ^p	
Capital increases	91,798.8	60,596.4	26,640.4	
Capital withdrawals	13,898.2	10,027.8	4,505.6	
Sources : NSO and SEC.				

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Sources : NSO and SEC.

* as of August 2004.

COMMUNICATIONS

Telephone distribution	<u>2001^r</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
Line capacity	6,982,653	6,914,235	6,557,403
Total subscribed lines	2,973,182	3,310,933	3,299,361
Population (Th)	77,898	79,476	81,054
Telephone density	8.96	8.70	8.09
Cellular phone			
subscribers (Th)	12,159.2	15,383.0	22,509.6
Broadcast media	<u>2000^r</u>	<u>2001^r</u>	<u>2002^r</u>
Television stations	194	213	225
Radio stations			
AM band	355	367	369
FM band	537	559	583
Cinema houses			
Number	936	690	690
Seating capacity	539,777	450,605	450,605
Print media			
Newspapers	475	548	548
Magazines	45	39	39

Sources: NTC and PIA.

CONSTRUCTION AND HOUSING

Local government	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
construction	73,509	77,620	85,240
Residential buildings	7,910	9,606	18,761
Public buildings	9,438	10,134	10,889
Educational buildings	9,321	8,769	9,880
Hospital and other health			
buildings	1,737	1,935	1,911
Streets and bridges	16,432	16,758	16,045
Water supply system	12,700	11,664	9,393
Other public constructions	15,971	18,754	18,361
Private building			
construction	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>
Residential			
Number	63,516	66,308	19,786
Floor area (Th. sq. m.)	7,080.1	7,968.0	2,335.6
Value (MP)	36,376.6	42,082.6	13,293.8
Non residential			
Number	10,441	10,715	2,978
Floor area (Th. sq. m.)	5,090.4	5,031.6	1,757.5
Value (MP)	41,277.9	31,130.2	13,301.4
Addition			
Number	4,877	4,572	1,179
Floor area (Th. sq. m.)	611.0	608.2	157.4
Value (MP)	3,044.7	3,200.7	787.6
Alteration and repair			
Number	12,637	14,295	3,805
Value (MP)	5,217.7	5,799.7	1,240.4

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* as of second quarter 2004.

12	CONSTRUCTION AND HOUSING		
Housing	<u>1980</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>2000</u>
Occupied dwelling units (Th)	8,501	11,018	14,891
Single houses	7,911	9,991	13,065
Duplex	144	332	528
Multi-unit residential	321	644	1,030
Commercial, industrial,			
and agricultural	38	37	41
Institutional living quarters	0.6	3	5
Other housing units	0.8	9	10
Not reported	-	3	212

Source : NSO, Annual Survey on Local Government Construction, Quarterly Survey on Private Building Construction, and Census of Population and Housing.

CRIME AND DELINQUENCY			13
Reported crimes	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
Philippines	76,991	85,776	83,704
Index crimes	38,104	43,760	42,687
Murder	5,852	6,553	6,436
Homicide	4,140	4,328	3,983
Physical injury	11,087	12,233	11,847
Robbery	6,169	7,708	7,536
Theft	8,245	10,346	9,801
Rape	2,611	2,592	3,084
Nonindex crimes	38,887	42,016	41,017
Crime rate			
(per 100,000 population)	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003
Philippines	99	108	103
Index	49	55	53
Nonindex	50	53	51
Causes of Traffic	2000	2001	<u>2002</u>
Accidents			
Total	12,859	6,841	5,064
Driver's error	7,043	4,802	3,560
Drunk driving	183	96	95
Mechanical defect	1,048	369	284
Over speeding	722	228	162
Road defect/under repair	113	145	57
Using cellular phone			
while driving	533	15	3
Hit and run	739	333	280
Overtaking	555	234	107
Over loading	369	71	74
Bad training	251	102	88
Self accidents	684	355	273
Others	619	91	81

14	CRIME AND DELINQUENCY		
Policeman to population ratio	<u>2001</u> ^r	<u>2002</u> ^r	<u>2003</u>
	1:740	1:709	1:729
Fireman to population ratio	2001	2002	2003
	1:5,305	1:5,458	1:5,392
Reported cases of violence against women	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
	10,345	9,481	8,011
Reported crimes against children	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
	8,639	8,273	7,316

Sources: PNP and DND.

DEMOGRAPHY

	1990	1995	2000
Population (<i>Th</i>)	1770		
Total	60,703	68,616	76,504
Male	30,538	34,584	38,524
Female	30,165	34,032	37,980
Population density of selected			
highly urbanized cities			
$(persons/km^2)^*$	1990 ^r	1995 ^r	2000 ^r
Philippines	202	229	255
Manila	64,049	66,190	63,243
Pasay City	26,312	29,186	25,351
Caloocan City	13,681	18,336	21,104
Quezon City	9,725	11,587	12,660
Iloilo City	7,369	7,965	8,724
Baguio City	3,185	3,946	4,389
Bacolod City	2,238	2,473	2,749
Cebu City	1,938	2,103	2,282
Lucena City	1,878	2,216	2,445
Olongapo City	1,045	972	1,050
Zamboanga City	313	361	425
Cagayan de Oro City	823	1,038	1,119
Davao City	384	455	469

Note : Details may not add up to totals due to rounding.

*Estimated land area used in the computation of density is based on the 2000 estimated land areas certified by the Department of Budget and Management and published by the Land Management Bureau, Department of Environment and Natural Resources.

16	DEMOGRAPHY		
Annual growth rate (%)	<u>1990</u> 2.35	<u>1995</u> 2.32	<u>2000</u> 2.36
Average household size	<u>1990</u> 5.3	<u>1995</u> 5.1	<u>2000</u> 5.0
Projected population (Th)*			
Total Male Female * Projection based in the 2000 Cen	2005 85,237 42,875 42,362 usus of Popu	2010 93,939 47,222 46,717 lation.	2015 102,822 51,653 51,169
rigeedon oused in the 2000 Con	isus or r opu	in the second se	
POPULATION CHARACTE			
Population distribution (<i>M</i>) Urban	<u>1990</u> 28.55	<u>1995</u> n.a.	<u>2000</u> 36.76
Rural	32.16	n.a.	39.75
Proportion of persons with disability Male Female	0.57 0.48	0.68 0.66	0.61 0.62
Sex ratio (number of males			
per 100 females)	101.1	101.6	101.4
Age distribution (%)	20.6	29.4	27.0
Children (0-14 years) Working age (15-64 years)	39.6 57.0	38.4 58.1	37.0 59.2
Elderly (65 years and over)	3.4	3.5	3.8
Voting population (18 years <i>and over</i>)	53.7	54.6	56.6
Literacy rate	93.5	n.a.	92.3

DEMOGRAPHY

	<u>1990</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>2000</u>
Dependency ratio (%)			
Total	75.5	72.2	69.0
Youth	69.5	66.1	62.6
Old	6.0	6.1	6.5
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>
Crude birth rate (CBR)*	25.2	24.6	24.1
Crude death rate (CDR)*	5.7	5.7	5.6
Crude rate of natural	10.5	18.0	105
increase (CRNI)* (%)	19.5	18.9	18.5
Fertility rate*	3.2	3.1	3.0

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Source: NSO, Demographic and Social Statistics Division, Census Facts and Figures and 1995 Census-Based National, Regional and Provincial Population Projections Volume II.

* Projection based in the 1995 Census of Population.

Dependency ratio is the ratio of persons in the "dependent" ages (under 15 and over 64 years) to those in the "economically productive" ages (15 to 64 years) in a population.

CBR refers to the number of live births per thousand-midyear population.

- **CDR** refers to the number of deaths per thousand-midyear population.
- **CRNI** refers to the difference between crude birth rate and crude death rate.

18	DOMESTIC TRADE AND TOURISM			
Commodity flow	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u> ^a	
Coastwise				
Quantity (Th Tons)	27,581.7	27,028.5	5,301.7	
Value (MP)	391,440.8	352,047.6	78,753.5	
Air				
Quantity (Th Tons)	48.7	39.3	7.6	
Value (MP)	2,944.6	1,568.8	0.3	
Rail				
Quantity (Th Tons)	2.1	2.1	0.5	
Value (MP)	63.0	61.4	0.01	
Visitor arrivals	2002 ^r	2003	<u>2004^b</u>	
Total	1,932,677	1,907,226	1,140,517	
Overseas Filipinos	83,754	100,324	57,156	
Foreign visitors	1,848,923	1,806,902	1,083,361	
Asia	1,092,300	1,062,430	620,656	
America	453,667	444,264	285,595	
Europe	181,848	175,618	101,223	
Oceania	103,523	106,109	63,644	
Africa	1,465	1,442	776	
Others (unspecified)	16,120	17,039	11,467	
Tourist receipts	2001	2002	2003	
Total ($M US$ \$)	1,722.7	1,740.1	1,522.7	
Average daily expenditure	s			
(US\$)	102.9	100.9	91.1	
Foreign visitors	102.9	100.9	89.5	
Overseas Filipinos	49.1	52.7	48.5	
	.,,,,	0217	1012	

Sources: NSO, Commodity Flow of the Philippines, and DOT.

^a as of first quarter 2004. ^b as of June 2004.

EDUCATION

Schools	<u>SY '01-'02^r</u>	SY '02-'03	<u>SY '03-'04</u>
Preschool	12,541	14,033	n.a.
Government	7,477	8,499	n.a.
Private	5,064	5,534	n.a.
Elementary	40,761	41,288	37,506
Government	36,232	36,759	37,506
Private	4,529	4,529	n.a.
Secondary	7,683	7,890	5,784
Government	4,422	4,629	5,784
Private	3,261	3,261	n.a.
Tertiary	1,603	1,626	n.a.
Government	389	391	n.a.
Private	1,214	1,235	n.a.

19

Preschool, elementary and secondary

Treschool, elementary and secondary				
enrolment (Th)	SY '01-'02	SY '02-'03 ^r	<u>SY '03-'04</u>	
Preschool	648	704	n.a.	
Government	350	391	n.a.	
Private	298	313	n.a.	
Elementary	12,826	12,934	11,517	
Government	11,917	12,049	11,517	
Private	910	885	n.a.	
Secondary	5,814	5,967	4,905	
Government	4,562	4,791	4,905	
Private	1,252	1,176	n.a.	
Tertiary enrolment				
(by discipline group)	<u>AY '00-01</u>	<u>AY '01-02</u>	<u>AY '02-03</u>	
Total	2,430,392	2,466,056	2,756,087	
General	68,223	43,627	36,144	
Education and teacher				
training	469,014	439,549	416,789	
Fine and applied arts	10,138	8,967	10,236	
Humanities	21,671	29,665	31,197	
Religion and theology	9,512	7,828	7,489	

EDUCATION

Tertiary enrolment (by discipline group)	<u>AY '00-01</u>	<u>AY '01-02</u>	<u>AY '02-03</u>
(continued)			
Social and behavioral			
sciences	62,860	80,077	73,758
Business administration			
and related courses	645,970	640,315	611,554
Law and jurisprudence	20,097	19,646	19,182
Natural sciences	29,215	30,451	28,463
Mathematics and			
computer science	239,931	262,134	273,040
Medical and allied			
sciences	141,771	164,000	219,498
Trade, craft, and industria	al		
courses	988	4,651	3,374
Engineering	369,175	377,409	362,286
Architectural and town			
planning	23,459	25,205	23,022
Agricultural, forestry, fisl	neries,		
and veterinary medicine	e		
courses	87,492	94,900	81,464
Home economics	10,060	6,460	6,089
Service trades	14,486	15,421	15,821
Mass communication			
and documentation	21,622	30,638	33,880
Other disciplines	184,708	185,113	165,964
-			
Government teachers	SY '01-'02	SY '02-'03	<u>SY '03-'04</u>
Total	443,658	450,864	459,460
Elementary	331,448	331,629	338,944
Secondary	112,210	119,235	120,516
Nonformal education	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
Completers	242,273	154,996	136,587

EDUCATION

Performance indicators	<u>SY '00-'01^r S</u>	<u>5Y '01-'02^r</u>	<u>SY '02-'03</u>
Elementary (%)			
Cohort survival rate	67.18	67.13	69.80
Completion rate	66.13	66.33	66.94
Transition rate	95.64	96.24	97.58
Secondary (%)			
Cohort survival rate	73.05	73.16	65.84
Completion rate	48.10	48.39	58.62*
Transition rate	98.02	100.75	92.95*
Simple literacy rate ^a (%)	<u>1989</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>2000</u>
(10 years old and over)	89.8	93.9	92.3
Male	89.8	93.7	92.1
Female	89.8	94.0	92.5
Functional literacy	<u>1989</u>	<u>1994</u>	
rate ^b (%)	75 4	02.0	
(10-64 years old)	75.4	83.8	
Male	74.5	81.7	
Female	76.2	85.9	

Sources: DepEd, CHED, NSO's Functional Literacy, Education and Mass Media Survey (1989 and 1994 data) and 2000 Census of Population and Housing (2000 data).

* Does not include private schools.

^a Basic reading and writing skills.
 ^b Basic reading, writing, and numeracy skills.

22	ENERGY, GAS, AND WATER
Dimension	

Primary energy consumption (*Million barrels of fuel-oil*

(Million barrels of fuel-oil			
equivalent)	<u>2001^r</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003^p</u>
Total	248.45	257.48	278.12
Indigenous energy	113.00	127.61	139.15
Conventional	35.87	48.57	58.86
Oil	0.32	1.27	0.14
Gas	1.46	11.20	17.06
Coal	3.84	3.78	6.74
Hydropower	12.25	12.13	13.53
Geothermal	18.00	17.66	16.82
Nonconventional	77.13	79.04	80.29
Bagasse	16.34	11.24	11.44
Agriwastes	60.61	67.60	68.65
Coconut husks			
and shells	16.93	12.15	12.27
Rice husks	-	5.05	4.90
Wood and wood-			
wastes	43.68	44.69	45.68
Charcoal	-	5.45	5.48
Other biomass	-	-	-
Animal wastes	-	0.25	0.32
Others	0.18	0.20	0.20
Imported energy	135.45	129.87	138.97
Oil	112.56	103.76	117.65
Coal	22.89	26.11	21.32
Energy purchased	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>	
Volume (GWH)	26,786.6	25,676.4	
Value (MP)	111,640.3	112,778.7	

* as of November 2004.

ENERGY, GAS, AND WATER

Energy sold	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>	
Volume (GWH)	23,834.5	22,639.0	
Value (MP)	139,597.0	134,108.7	
Status of energization			
(Electric cooperatives)	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
Municipalities			
Coverage	1,454	1,454	1,451
Energized	1,454	1,454	1,451
Barangays			
Coverage	41,995	41,995	35,990
Energized	33,647	34,900	31,958
Connections (Th)			
Potential	12,850	13,091	8,892
Actual	9,756	10,236	6,259

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Sources: DOE, MERALCO and NEA.

* as of November 2004.

24		FIS	HERY
Contribution to total GDP (%)	2001	2002	2003
At current prices At constant prices	2.3 3.9	2.2 4.0	2.2 4.1
Production	<u>2001^r</u>	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u>
Quantity (Th MT)	3,167	3,369	3,619
Aquaculture	1,220	1,338	1,455
Commercial	977	1,042	1,109
Municipal	970	989	1,055
Value (BP)	107.2	113.3	119.9
Aquaculture	36.9	35.4	37.2
Commercial	36.1	39.7	42.0
Municipal	34.2	38.2	40.7
Foreign trade of fish, crustaceans, mollusks, etc.			
and preparation	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u>
Gross weight (M GK)			
Exports	135.1	160.3	183.6
Imports	90.5	145.6	99.0
Value (FOB in M US\$)			
Exports	372.3	414.0	427.4
Imports	36.4	56.6	99.0
Balance of trade	335.9	357.4	328.4

Sources: NSO and BFAR.

FOREIGN TRADE

	2002	2003	2004*
Total trade (FOB value			
in million US\$)	70,635	73,728	38,669
Exports	35,208	36,231	18,734
Imports	35,427	37,497	19,935
Balance of trade	(218)	(1,265)	(1,201)
Principal exports	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>
(M US \$)			
Electronics and components Articles of apparel and clothing	24,322	24,168	12,554
accessories	2,391	2,265	1,039
Other products manufactured			
from materials imported			
on consignment basis	438	579	285
Ignition wiring sets	520	507	284
Coconut oil	353	505	278
Principal imports	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>
(M US \$)			
Electronics and components	16,873	17,459	8,945
Mineral fuels, lubricants,			
and related materials	3,273	3,173	2,254
Industrial machinery			
and equipment	1,485	1,601	896
Transport equipment	1,227	1,359	588
Iron and steel	975	1,062	663

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* as of July 2004.

Top trading countries			
(<i>M US</i> \$)	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>
United States	15,969	14,663	6,633
Exports	8,683	7,263	3,221
Imports	7,286	7,400	3,412
Japan	12,526	13,408	7,205
Exports	5,293	5,768	3,533
Imports	7,233	7,640	3,673
Singapore	4,783	4,973	2,858
Exports	2,472	2,431	1,327
Imports	2,311	2,542	1,531
Major economic bloc			
(M US \$)	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>
APEC	57,185	60,120	31,195
Exports	28,117	29,548	14,830
Imports	29,068	30,571	16,365
ASEAN	11,260	12,980	6,977
Exports	5,530	6,582	3,199
Imports	5,730	6,398	3,778
EU	9,118	8,896	5,044
Exports	6,364	5,880	3,374
Imports	2,754	3,016	1,669

FOREIGN TRADE

* as of July 2004.

FOREIGN TRADE

Trade indices (1995=100)	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003*</u>
Quantum index			
Exports	157.9	170.6	166.0
Imports	117.2	154.1	144.0
Price index			
Exports	117.5	108.0	119.0
Imports	95.3	98.3	99.0
Value index			
Exports	184.3	183.5	197.5
Imports	111.4	151.8	142.4

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Source: NSO, Foreign Trade Statistics of the Philippines.

* second quarter 2003.

28 FORESTI		STRY	
Status of land classification	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
Total land area (M Ha)	30.0	30.0	30.0
Alienable and disposable	14.1	14.1	14.1
Forest land	15.9	15.9	15.9
Unclassified	1.1	1.1	1.1
Classified	14.8	14.8	14.8
Forest reserves	3.3	3.3	3.3
Timberlands	10.2	10.2	10.2
National parks	0.9	0.9	0.9
Military and naval			
reservations	0.1	0.1	0.1
Civil reservations	0.2	0.2	0.2
Fishponds	0.1	0.1	0.1

Source: FMB.

HEALTH AND WELFARE			29
Projected life expectancy at birth (<i>years</i>)	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Male Female	67.53 72.78	67.83 73.08	67.38 72.33
	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>
Infant deaths	25,168	27,714	26,129
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	15.6	15.7	15.2
Maternal deaths	1,348	1,698	1,768
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	83.6	96.1	103.1
Leading causes of mortality	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>
Total	347,989	366,931	381,834
Diseases of the heart	58,635	60,417	63,012
Malignant neoplasms	34,238	36,414	37,832
Pneumonia	32,883	32,637	33,939
Tuberculosis (<i>all forms</i>) Essential hypertension and	28,900	27,557	27,351
hypertensive renal disease	20,886	23,516	25,437
Cerebrovascular diseases	19,996	21,705	23,944
Chronic lower respiratory diseases Certain conditions originating	15,163	15,904	16,969
in the perinatal period	12,800	15,098	15,778
Accidents	12,700	14,049	14,021
Assault (homicide)	11,259	11,671	12,819

30	A	HI ND WE	EALTH LFARE
Leading causes of morbidity	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
Pneumonia	632,930	652,585	734,581
Diarrheal diseases	866,411	845,526	726,310
Bronchitis	700,105	694,836	629,968
Influenza	502,718	499,887	484,388
Hypertension	279,992	318,521	304,690
Tuberculosis, all forms	126,489	110,841	114,221
Diseases of the heart	52,957	47,040	52,237
Malaria	50,869	40,543	39,994
Chickenpox	35,306	24,359	28,600
Measles	-	24,494	24,639
Leading causes			
of infant deaths	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>
All causes	25,168	27,714	26,129
Pneumonia	3,720	3,463	3,089
Diarrhea and gastroenteritis			
of infectious origin	940	1,207	1,263
Bacterial sepsis of newborn	2,330	3,174	1,311
Congenital malformations			
of the heart	2,897	n.a.	1,099
Congenital pneumonia	642	1,359	1,050
Measles	n.a.	412	553
Disorder related to short			
gestation and low birth			
weight, not elsewhere			
classified	2,844	2,569	560
Neonatal aspiration			
syndromes	821	1,063	465
Septicemia	812	509	401
Intrauterine hypoxia			
and birth asphyxia	681	853	368

HEALTH AND WELFARE			31
	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003
Hospitals	1,708	1,738	1,723
Public	640	661	662
Private	1,068	1,077	1,061
Bed capacity	79,444	85,166	85,040
Public	40,202	45,395	45,305
Private	39,242	39,771	39,735
Bed-population ratio	2001	2002	2003
(per 10,000 population)	10.2	10.7	10.5
Contraceptive prevalence			
rate (%)*	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
Any method	49.5	48.8	48.9
Modern method	33.1	35.1	33.4
Traditional method	16.4	13.8	15.5

Sources: NSO, *Family Planning Survey*, DSWD and DOH. * Based on currently married women 15-49 years.

Contraceptive prevalence rate is the proportion within a specified population group reporting current use of any method of contraception.

32	A	H AND WE	EALTH LFARE
Clients served by DSWD			
(by clientele category)	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
Families	297,789	401,568	336,898
Women	41,311	37,901	28,824
Children	42,052	37,760	90,634
Youth	14,915	14,776	6,028
Disabled and elderly	8,632	8,534	7,214
Membership, contributions, and social security benefits granted			
GSIS	2001	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
Membership (M)	1.40	1.30	1.30
Contributions (MP)	41,936.0	45,247.9	46,774.0
Benefits (MP)	22,824	25,952	28,044
Claims (MP)	22,847	25,981	16,442
SSS			
Membership (M)	24.16	24.98	25.10
Contributions (MP)	31,372	34,188	39,420
Benefits (MP)	39,015	40,872	42,806
Claims (Th)	1,866	1,671	n.a.
Average per paid claim	20,904	24,453	n.a.

Sources: DSWD, GSIS, and SSS.

INCOME AND PRICES			33
Income (at current prices)	<u>1997</u>	<u>2000^r</u>	<u>2003^p</u>
Annual average family			
Income (P)	123,168	145,121	148,757
Expenditure	99,537	118,839	125,277
Saving	23,631	26,282	23,481
	<u>1994</u>	<u>1997^r</u>	<u>2000^r</u>
Annual per capita poverty			
threshold (P)	8,885	9,843	11,605
Magnitude of poor families	4,531,170	3,982,766	4,338,780
Incidence of poor families			
(percent)	35.5	28.1	28.4
Prices	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>
Consumer Price Index			
(1994=100)			
All items	166.6	171.4	177.8
East harmon		1/1//	177.0
Food, beverages,		1,111	177.0
and tobacco	154.4	157.5	163.8
	154.4 149.2		
and tobacco		157.5	163.8
and tobacco Clothing	149.2	157.5 152.5	163.8 155.1
and tobacco Clothing Housing and repairs	149.2 195.3	157.5 152.5 201.0	163.8 155.1 206.0
and tobacco Clothing Housing and repairs Fuel, light, and water	149.2 195.3 172.2	157.5 152.5 201.0 178.8	163.8 155.1 206.0 184.9
and tobacco Clothing Housing and repairs Fuel, light, and water Services	149.2 195.3 172.2 213.9	157.5 152.5 201.0 178.8 226.9	163.8 155.1 206.0 184.9 238.5

Sources: NSO, *Family Income and Expenditure Survey* and NSCB. * for July 2004.

34	AND F] EMPLOY	LABOR (MENT
	<u>Apr. '03</u>	<u>Jan. '04</u>	<u>Apr. '04</u>
Total 15 years old			
and over (Th)	51,596	52,675	52,970
Labor force participation rate	67.1	67.3	69.0
Employment rate	87.8	89.0	86.3
Unemployment rate	12.2	11.0	13.7
Underemployment rate	15.6	17.5	18.5
Labor force			
population (Th)	34,635	35,447	36,541
Employed	30,418	31,547	31,539
Unemployed	4,217	3,900	5,002
Employed persons by class			
of worker (Th)	30,418	31,547	31,533
Wages and salary (%)	48.1	52.9	51.0
Own account (%)	38.3	37.2	37.1
Unpaid family worker (%)	13.6	9.9	11.9
Employed persons by major			
industry sector (Th)	30,418	31,547	31,533
Agriculture	11,155	11,174	11,113
Agriculture, hunting,			
and forestry	9,970	9,775	9,775
Fishing	1,185	1,399	1,338
Industry	4,860	5,050	5,130
Mining and quarrying	105	123	138
Manufacturing	2,892	3,104	3,063
Electricity, gas, and water	116	110	137
Construction	1,747	1,713	1,792
Services	14,405	15,322	15,290
Wholesale and retail trade, re			
of motor vehicles, motorcy	5,636	5,823	5,974
Hotels and restaurants	709	830	791

LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons by major industry sector (*Th*)

maustry sector (1n)			
(continued)	<u>Apr. '03</u>	<u>Jan. '04</u>	<u>Apr. '04</u>
Transport, storage,			
and communication	2,287	2,436	2,359
Financial intermediation	286	327	339
Real estate, renting and busi	ness		
activities	563	697	669
Public administration and de	efense,		
compulsory social security	1,466	1,478	1,623
Education	934	937	882
Health and social work	371	365	341
Other community, social			
and personal service			
activities	901	879	868
Private households with emp	oloyed		
persons	1,251	1,548	1,443
Extraterritorial organizations	3		
and bodies	1	2	1
Employed persons by major			
occupation group (Th)	30,418	31,547	31,533
Officials of government and sp	ecial		
interest organizations, corpor	ate		
executives, managers, manag	ing		
proprietors and supervisors	3,287	3,862	3,910
Professionals	1,368	1,339	1,327
Technicians and associate			
professionals	910	882	877
Clerks	1,337	1,343	1,327
Service workers and shop			
and market sales workers	2,547	2,935	2,928
Farmers, forestry workers,			
and fishermen	6,199	5,905	5,720

36	LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons by major occupation group (*Th*)

occupation group (1h)			
(continued)	<u>Apr. '03</u>	<u>Jan. '04</u>	<u>Apr. '04</u>
Trades and related workers	3,012	2,599	2,902
Plant and machine operators			
and assemblers	2,343	2,411	2,409
Laborers and unskilled worker	9,275	9,831	9,963
Special occupations	140	140	169
	2002	<u>2003</u>	2004*
Deployed overseas			
Filipino workers	891,908	867,969	564,643
Land-based	682,315	651,938	431,410
Sea-based	209,593	216,031	133,233
Deployed land-based oversea	IS		
Filipino workers by	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>
country of destination	678,108	650,864	431,366
Africa	6,919	8,750	5,500
Asia	288,481	254,520	153,971
Europe	45,363	37,981	37,753
Middle East	306,939	285,564	220,862
Oceania	1,917	1,698	1,579
The Americas	11,532	11,049	6,844
Trust Territories	6,075	5,023	4,856
Unspecified	10,882	46,279	1

* as of July 2004.

LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT			37
Remittances (M US\$)	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>
Africa	4.0	10.6	1.8
Asia	1,092.4	927.0	560.6
Europe	659.6	743.8	750.0
Middle East	725.2	978.5	727.2
Oceania	33.3	42.3	26.1
The Americas	3,609.7	4,292.4	3,293.5
Others	805.9	645.3	180.2

Sources: NSO, POEA and BSP.

* as of August 2004.

AN		MINES ERALS
<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	2004 ^a
38.9	33.4	8.8
16.1	9.2	2.3
34.1	24.0	5.7
18.3	12.0	3.6
27.7	20.6	5.4
19.0	19.9	0.9
86.0	73.3	17.8
30.0	25.1	6.6
<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	2004 ^b
201.6	186.6	216.1
70.0	77.3	90.8
43.5	41.3	43.5
47.2	57.8	71.3
166.9	452.6	438.3
218.8	208.0	224.6
2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003
	35,194	41,526
17,765	20,940	27,805
11,204	14,254	13,721
	2002 38.9 16.1 34.1 18.3 27.7 19.0 86.0 30.0 2002 201.6 70.0 43.5 47.2 166.9 218.8 2001 ^r 28,969 17,765	2002 2003 38.9 33.4 16.1 9.2 34.1 24.0 18.3 12.0 27.7 20.6 19.0 19.9 86.0 73.3 30.0 25.1 2002 2003 201.6 186.6 70.0 77.3 43.5 41.3 47.2 57.8 166.9 452.6 218.8 208.0 2001 ^r 2002 ^r 28,969 35,194 17,765 20,940

Sources: DENR and MGB.

Note: Details may not add up to totals due to rounding.

^a as of February 2004. ^b as of August 2004.

NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

At current prices	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u> ^r	<u>2004</u>
Gross National Product	4,223,326	4,618,310	5,195,904
Net factor income from the	rest		
of the world	263,678	318,378	352,454
Gross Domestic Product	3,959,648	4,299,932	4,843,450
Personal consumption	2,750,853	2,988,124	3,343,973
Government consumption	457,521	471,429	488,795
Capital formation	695,147	715,305	825,486
Exports	1,968,524	2,109,394	2,432,683
Less: Imports	1,988,488	2,221,328	2,434,899
Statistical discrepancy	76,091	237,005	187,412
At constant 1985 prices			
Gross National Product	1,107,007	1,168,778	1,239,601
Net factor income from			
abroad	74,038	87,281	91,598
Gross Domestic Product	1,032,969	1,081,497	1,148,003
Personal consumption	810,753	853,572	903,217
Government consumption	72,608	72,972	72,402
Capital formation	210,488	210,638	237,418
Exports	448,786	465,288	530,394
Less: Imports	532,049	586,209	622,853
Statistical discrepancy	25,383	65,236	27,425

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Source: NSCB.

PUBLIC FINANCE

	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003^r</u>	<u>2004^p</u>
National government (MP)			
Revenues	567,141	626,630	698,258
Tax revenues	496,372	537,361	597,715
Bureau of Internal Revenue	394,549	425,352	467,978
Domestic - Based	394,169	424,992	467,854
Net income and profits	226,501	243,857	278,088
Excise tax	57,001	56,894	59,531
Sales taxes and licenses	89,950	101,340	108,085
Other domestic taxes	20,717	22,901	22,150
Travel tax	380	360	124
Bureau of Customs	96,250	106,092	122,374
Import duties	89,221	98,077	113,256
Import taxes	7,029	8,015	9,118
Other offices	5,573	5,917	7,363
BFP - Fire Code Tax	144	63	271
BID	37	36	37
CHED/NCAA	206	397	260
DENR - Forest Charges	69	30	151
LTO - Motor Vehicle			
Tax	5,117	5,391	6,644
Nontax revenues	69,717	88,071	100,469
BTr income	47,194	56,657	63,054
Fees and other charges	21,932	18,635	19,574
Privatization	591	567	420
CARP	0	0	0
Others	0	12,212	8,567
Marcos Wealth	0	0	8,854
Grants	1,052	1,198	74

PUBLIC FINANCE

	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>
National government (MP)			
Expenditures	777,882	826,498	884,374
Allotment to LGUs	140,540	145,502	147,524
Interest payments	185,861	226,408	260,901
Tax expenditures	0	0	0
Subsidy	7,584	14,977	14,242
Equity	1,486	2,623	44
Net lending	2,626	5,620	5,690
MDS/Miscellaneous	439,785	431,368	455,973
Local government	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
Revenues (BP)	130.9	157.1	160.3
Expenditures (BP)	134.1	145.8	153.2
Receipts (BP)	132.5	159.4	146.8
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u>
Internal debt outstanding	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003</u>
Internal debt outstanding (BP)	<u>2001</u> 1,293.9	<u>2002</u> ^r 1,545.7	<u>2003</u> 1,816.9
(BP)	1,293.9	1,545.7	1,816.9
(<i>BP</i>) National government	1,293.9 1,239.6	1,545.7 1,468.4	1,816.9 1,706.9
(<i>BP</i>) National government	1,293.9 1,239.6	1,545.7 1,468.4	1,816.9 1,706.9
(<i>BP</i>) National government Government corporations	1,293.9 1,239.6 54.3	1,545.7 1,468.4 77.3	1,816.9 1,706.9 109.9
(BP) National government Government corporations External debt outstanding	1,293.9 1,239.6 54.3 2001	1,545.7 1,468.4 77.3 <u>2002^r</u>	1,816.9 1,706.9 109.9 2003*
(BP) National government Government corporations External debt outstanding (in million US \$)	1,293.9 1,239.6 54.3 2001 52,355	1,545.7 1,468.4 77.3 <u>2002^r</u> 53,874	1,816.9 1,706.9 109.9 <u>2003*</u> 56,122
(BP) National government Government corporations External debt outstanding (in million US \$) Banking system	1,293.9 1,239.6 54.3 2001 52,355 11,537	1,545.7 1,468.4 77.3 <u>2002^r</u> 53,874 10,880	1,816.9 1,706.9 109.9 <u>2003*</u> 56,122 10,963
(BP) National government Government corporations External debt outstanding (<i>in million US</i> \$) Banking system Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas	1,293.9 1,239.6 54.3 2001 52,355 11,537 5,878	1,545.7 1,468.4 77.3 <u>2002^r</u> 53,874 10,880 4,790	1,816.9 1,706.9 109.9 2003* 56,122 10,963 5,075
(BP) National government Government corporations External debt outstanding (<i>in million US</i> \$) Banking system Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas Banks	1,293.9 1,239.6 54.3 2001 52,355 11,537 5,878 5,659	1,545.7 1,468.4 77.3 <u>2002^r</u> 53,874 10,880 4,790 6,090	1,816.9 1,706.9 109.9 2003* 56,122 10,963 5,075 5,886
(BP) National government Government corporations External debt outstanding (<i>in million US</i> \$) Banking system Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas Banks Government banks	1,293.9 1,239.6 54.3 2001 52,355 11,537 5,878 5,659 2,664	1,545.7 1,468.4 77.3 <u>2002^r</u> 53,874 10,880 4,790 6,090 2,939	1,816.9 1,706.9 109.9 2003* 56,122 10,963 5,075 5,886 2,972
(BP) National government Government corporations External debt outstanding (in million US \$) Banking system Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas Banks Government banks Private banks	1,293.9 1,239.6 54.3 2001 52,355 11,537 5,878 5,659 2,664 2,995	1,545.7 1,468.4 77.3 <u>2002^r</u> 53,874 10,880 4,790 6,090 2,939 3,151	1,816.9 1,706.9 109.9 2003* 56,122 10,963 5,075 5,886 2,972 2,914

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* as of June 2003.

PUBLIC FINANCE

External debt outstanding (continued)	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002^r</u>	<u>2003*</u>
Nonbanking system	40,818	42,993	45,161
Public	25,149	28,016	30,161
Central Bank-Board			
of Liquidators	314	265	229
NG and others	24,835	27,752	29,932
Private sector	15,669	14,977	15,000

Sources: DBM, BOC, BSP and BTr.

Note: Details may not add up to totals due to rounding.

* as of June 2003.

TRANSPORTATION

Registered motor			
vehicles by type (Th)	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004*</u>
Total	4,187.7	4,292.3	2,639.2
Cars	749.6	742.7	451.4
Sports Utility Vehicles/SUV	97.7	116.2	76.2
Utility vehicles	1,554.6	1,570.1	935.8
Trucks	257.8	255.5	154.0
Buses	35.5	31.3	18.1
Trailers	23.7	23.9	13.5
Motorcycles and tricycles	1,468.7	1,552.6	990.2
Registered motor vehicles			
by classification (Th)	<u>2002^r</u>	2003	2004*
Total	4,187.7	4,292.3	2,639.2
Private	3,274.3	3,389.0	2,122.0
Government	58.1	68.4	40.3
Diplomatic	3.0	2.8	2.8
For hire	851.1	830.8	473.5
Tax exempt	1.2	1.2	0.6
Shipping statistics	2001	2002	2003
Cargo throughput $(M MT)$	147.85	149.46	146.66
Passenger traffic (M)	43.66	49.12	51.72
Airline statistics	2000	2001	2002
Number of flights	19,521	21,066	22,056
Number of passengers (<i>Th</i>)	2,458.4	3.496.3	3,645.3
reaction of pussengers (In)	2,100.4	5,170.5	5,615.5

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Sources: LTO, PPA and MIAA.

* as of June 2004.

VITAL STATISTICS

	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
Registered livebirths ^a			
Total	1,766,440	1,714,093	1,640,698
Male	918,243	891,312	843,024
Female	848,197	822,781	797,674
Registered deaths ^b			
Total	366,931	381,834	396,176
Male	217,404	225,879	232,701
Female	149,527	155,955	163,475
	1999	2000	2001
Registered marriages^c	551,445	577,387	559,162
Roman Catholic	233,684	239,463	220,257
Civil ceremony	194,001	212,413	217,084
Other religious rites	121,696	124,206	120,822
Islam	927	693	563
Tribal	781	463	382
Unspecified (not stated)	356	149	54
	2000	2001	2002
Registered foetal deaths ^b	<u>2000</u> 10,360	<u>2001</u> 9,625	<u>2002</u> 9,341
Crude marriage rate (per 1,000 population)	<u>1999</u> 7.4	<u>2000</u> 7.5	<u>2001</u> 7.3

Source: NSO, Health and Vital Statistics Division, *Vital Statistics Reports. Note:* Details may not add up to totals due to rounding.

^a Totals include cases of undetermined place of birth.

^b Totals include cases of undetermined place of death.

^e Totals include cases of undetermined place of marriage.

INTERNATIONAL STATISTICS

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Population (<i>M</i>)	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
World	6,216	6,216	6,313
Africa	840	840	861
America	850	850	863
Asia	3,766	3,766	3,830
Europe*	728	728	727
Oceania	32	32	32
Area	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
(per thousand square miles)			
World	51,789	51,790	51,790
Africa	11,698	11,698	11,698
America	15,647	15,647	15,647
Asia	12,263	12,263	12,263
Europe*	8,876	8,876	8,876
Oceania	3,308	3,307	3,307
Density	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>
(per square miles)			
World	120	120	122
Africa	72	72	74
America	54	54	55
Asia	307	307	312
Europe*	82	82	82
Oceania	10	10	10

Source: United Nations Demographic Yearbook 2001, New York, 2003.

* includes the new independent states of the former USSR.

NEWLY ORGANIZED PHILIPPINES
$(\pi a \circ f D \circ \circ \circ h \circ \pi 2004)$

46	NEWLY ORGANIZED PHILIPPINES				
(as of December 2004)					
REGION	Provinces	Cities	Municipal- ities	Barangays	
Philippines	79	117	1,500	41,975	
National Capital Region (NCR)		14	4	1,694	
Cordillera Administrativ	ve				
Region (CAR)	6	1	76	1,176	
Abra			27	303	
Apayao			7	133	
Benguet		1	13	269	
Ifugao			11	175	
Kalinga			8	152	
Mountain Province			10	144	
I - Ilocos	4	8	117	3,265	
Ilocos Norte		1	22	557	
Ilocos Sur		2	32	768	
La Union		1	19	576	
Pangasinan		4	44	1,364	
II - Cagayan Valley	5	3	90	2,311	
Batanes			6	29	
Cagayan		1	28	820	
Isabela		2	35	1,055	
Quirino			6	132	
Nueva Vizcaya			15	275	
III - Central Luzon	7	12	118	3,102	
Aurora			8	151	
Bataan		1	11	237	
Bulacan		2	22	569	
Nueva Ecija		4	27	849	

NEWLY ORGANIZED PHILIPPINES

(as of December 2004)						
REGION	Provinces	Cities	Municipal- ities	Barangays		
III - Central Luzon (cont	III - Central Luzon (cont.)					
Pampanga	·/	2	20	538		
Tarlac		2	17	511		
Zambales		1	13	247		
IV-A - CALABARZON	5	11	131	4,012		
Batangas		3	31	1,078		
Cavite		3	20	830		
Laguna		3	27	674		
Quezon		1	40	1,242		
Rizal		1	13	188		
IV-B - MIMAROPA	5	2	71	1,457		
Marinduque			6	218		
Occidental Mindoro			11	162		
Oriental Mindoro		1	14	426		
Palawan		1	23	432		
Romblon			17	219		
V - Bicol	6	7	107	3,471		
Albay		3	15	720		
Camarines Norte			12	282		
Camarines Sur		2	35	1,063		
Catanduanes			11	315		
Masbate		1	20	550		
Sorsogon		1	14	541		
VI - Western Visayas	6	16	117	4,050		
Aklan			17	327		
Antique			18	590		

NEWLY ORGANIZED PHILIPPINES

(as of December 2004)				
REGION	Provinces	Cities	Municipal- ities	Barangays
VI - Western Visayas (co	ont.)			
Capiz	,	1	16	473
Guimaras			5	98
Iloilo		2	42	1,901
Negros Occidental		13	19	661
VII - Central Visayas	4	12	120	3,003
Bohol		1	47	1,109
Cebu		6	47	1,203
Negros Oriental		5	20	557
Siquijor			6	134
VIII - Eastern Visayas	6	4	139	4,390
Biliran			8	132
Eastern Samar			23	597
Leyte		2	41	1,641
Northern Samar			24	569
Samar		1	25	951
Southern Leyte		1	18	500
IX - Zamboanga				
Peninsula	3	5	67	1,903
Zamboanga del Norte		2	25	691
Zamboanga del Sur		2	26	779
Zamboanga Sibugay			16	388
City of Isabela		1		45
X - Northern Mindanao	5	8	85	2,020
Bukidnon		2	20	464
Camiguin			5	58
Lanao del Norte		1	22	506

NEWLY ORGANIZED PHILIPPINES

(as of December 2004)				
REGION	Provinces	Cities	Municipal- ities	Barangays
X - Northern Mindanao	(cont.)			
Misamis Occidental	(******)	3	14	490
Misamis Oriental		2	24	502
XI - Davao	4	5	44	1,160
Compostela Valley			11	235
Davao del Norte		3	8	223
Davao del Sur		2	14	519
Davao Oriental			11	183
XII - SOCCSKSARGEN	4	5	45	1,194
North Cotabato		1	17	543
Sarangani			7	140
South Cotabato		2	10	225
Sultan Kudarat		1	11	249
Cotabato City		1		37
XIII - Caraga	4	3	70	1,308
Agusan del Norte		1	11	250
Agusan del Sur			14	314
Surigao del Norte		1	27	435
Surigao del Sur		1	18	309
Autonomous Region in M	Auslim			
Mindanao (ARMM)	5	1	99	2,459
Basilan			6	210
Lanao del Sur		1	38	1,155
Maguindanao			27	481
Sulu			18	410
Tawi-tawi			10	203

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Source : DILG, National Barangay Operations Office.

REGULAR NSO PUBLICATIONS

Annual Poverty Indicators Survey* Annual Survey of Philippine Business Industry (formerly ASE)* Census Facts and Figures Census of Agriculture and Fisheries Census of Philippine Business Industry (formerly CE) Census of Population and Housing* Centennial Publication* Commodity Flow of the Philippines* Consumer Price Index in the Philippines* Family Income and Expenditures Survey* Family Planning Survey* Foreign Trade Statistics of the Philippines* Functional Literacy, Education, and Mass Media Survey* Gender Quickstat Household Energy Consumption Survey Integrated Survey of Households -- Labor Force* Journal of Philippine Statistics Maternal and Child Health Survey* Monographs Monthly Bulletin of Statistics Monthly Integrated Survey of Selected Industries National Demographic and Health Survey* National Quickstat Philippine Population Projections Philippine Yearbook* Philippines in Figures* Philippines Input-Output Table Provincial Profile Regional/Provincial Quickstat Special Releases Survey on Children 5-17 Years Old* Survey on Overseas Filipinos* Vital Statistics Report*

Census 2000 (Population by Barangay)* Datakit of Official Philippine Statistics (DATOS)*

*Also in CD-ROM.